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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/427,811	10/27/1999		PAUL KAIB	22022.0007	3799	
23859	7590	09/16/2004		EXAMINER		
		NBERG, P.C.	MIRZA, ADNAN M			
SUITE 1000 999 PEACHTREE STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ATLANTA,	GA 303	309-3915		2141 3/		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/427,811	KAIB ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Adnan M Mirza	2141				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be till within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from Cause the application to become ARANDONE.	mely filed ys will be considered timely. If the mailing date of this communication.				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Ju	ine 2004.					
	action is non-final.					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ate ratent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 & 4-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takagi et al (U.S. 6,243,755) in view of Steinberger et al (U.S. 6,219,705).

As per claim 1 Takagi disclosed a method for scheduling harvesting of information by a host computer from one or more information providers for one or more users, comprising the steps of: (a) determining an update time for information stored by a selected information provider (col. 4, lines 52-63); (b) determining a set of end users whose information could be modified by an update at the determined update time by the selected information provider (col. 5, lines 9-20); (c) generating a predicted login time for each end-user in the determined set of end users (col.3, lines 40-46); (d) sorting determined set of end users according to the predicted login time generated for each end user in the determined set (col. 3, lines 57-67);

However Takagi failed to disclose assigning harvesting time for each end user. In the same field of endeavor Steinberger disclosed assigning a harvesting time for each end user based on each end user's predicted login time (Fig. 2, element 28, lines col. 6, lines 14-16 & col. 8, lines 21-26). User history poller act as harvesting time for each end-user, It collects the information on user and perform a check on user's history. Check can be predicting user's login time.

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated the harvesting time based for each end user based on each end user's predicted login time as taught by Steinberger in the method of Takagi to make the network efficient in managing the user's profile.

- 3. As per claim 13 the method disclosed in claim 1 can be consider as consisting of Computer readable storage device.
- 4. As per claim 4 Steinberger disclosed wherein the step of sorting the determined set of end-users comprises sorting the determined set in ascending order of predicted login time (col. 9, lines 11-16).
- 5. As per claim 5 Takagi-Steinberger disclosed wherein the step of generating a predicted login time for each end user in the determined set of end users comprises: (i) for each end user, determining whether a login time profile associated with the end user meets a predetermined confidence threshold (Steinberger, col. 8, lines 21-3, Takagi, col. 15, lines 59-67 & col. 16, lines 1-8); (ii) for each end user whose login time profile does not meet the predetermined confidence threshold, assigning a predicted login time corresponding to the present day and time (Steinberger, col. 8, lines 20-49, Takagi, col. 15, lines 59-67 & col. 16, lines 1-8); and (iii) for each end user whose login time profile does meet the predetermined confidence threshold, assigning a predicted login time based on the end user's login time profile (Steinberger, col. 8, lines 20-49, Takagi, col. 15, lines 59-67 & col. 16, lines 1-8). Predetermined confidence threshold consider as reference value in order to allocate different properties to different group.
- 6. As per claim 6, 12 & 15 Takagi disclosed the method of claim 1, and further comprising the step of shifting each end user's predicted login time back a predetermined time interval (col. 13, lines 5-20). Delay can be considered as shifting and user's activity start and end is same as user's login and logout.

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7. As per claim 7 Takagi disclosed wherein the step of assigning a harvest time comprises assigning a harvest time for each end user corresponding to his shifted login time (col. 12, lines 57-63 & col. 13, lines 5-21).

- 8. As per claim 8 Takagi-Steinberger disclosed wherein the step of assigning a harvest time comprises: (i) performing a distribution fit across time to generate a polynomial function that allows determination of the number of end users subject to harvesting over a specified time period (Steinberger, col. 8, lines 50-67 & col. 9, lines 1-11); (ii) determining a network activity curve of network activity associated with the host computer and the selected information provider (Takagi, col. 27, lines 5-64); In the statistical data can be consider getting data in terms of graphs.(iii) generating an inverse of the determined network activity curve; (iv) performing an integral matching algorithm utilizing the generated polynomial function and the generated inverse of the network activity curve; (Takagi, col. 27, lines 5-64). The statistical calculations involve taking the inverse of the graphs and doing correlations.(v) assigning harvesting times for each end user to redistribute peak harvesting time towards time zero to flatten the distribution fit across time (Steinberger, col 8, lines 1-49).
- 9. As per claim 9, 11 & 14 Steinberger disclosed further comprising the step of harvesting the information for each end user in the determined set of end user from the selected information provider at the harvesting time assigned to each end user (col. 7, lines 61-67 & col. 8, lines 1-17).
- 10. As per claims 10,13 Takagi-Steinberger disclosed a system for scheduling harvesting of information by a host computer from one or more information providers for one or more users, comprising: (a) a user store for storing data associated with end users; (b) a provider store for storing data associated with information providers (Takagi, col. 7, lines 43-67 & col. 8, lines 1-12); and (c) a host computer in communication with the user store and the provider store, the host computer comprising a processor for performing the steps of: (i) determining an update time for information stored by the selected information provider based on data associated with a selected information provider in the provider store (Takagi, col. 7, lines 43-67 & col. 8, lines 1-

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12); (ii) determining a set of end users whose information could be modified at the determined update time by the selected information provider, based on data associated with end users in the user store (Takagi, col. 5, lines 9-20); (iii) generating a predicted login time for each end user in the determined set of end users (Takagi, col.3, lines 40-46); (iv) sorting the determined set of end users according to the predicted login time generated for each end user in the determined set (Takagi, col. 3, lines 57-67); and (v) assigning a harvesting time for each end user based on each end (Steinberger, Fig. 2, element 28, lines col. 6, lines 14-16 & col. 8, lines 21-26).

- 11. Claims 2 & 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takagi et al (U.S. 6,243,755), Steinberger et al (U.S. 6,219,705) in view of Inala et al (U.S. 6,199,077)
- 12. As per claim 2 Takagi-Steinberger failed to disclose the step of determining a set of end users comprises: (i) selecting end users configured to receive information from the selected information provider; (ii) eliminating end users not configured to receive information subject to update at the determined update time.

In the same field of endeavor Inala disclosed the step of determining a set of end users comprises: (i) selecting end users configured to receive information from the selected information provider; (ii) eliminating end users not configured to receive information subject to update at the determined update time (col. 5, lines 50-65). The users who consider as plural same as group of user are built according to the listings of URLs that can be consider as different information provider.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to have incorporated the users configured to receive information from selected the information provider as taught by Inala in the method of Takagi-Steinberger to increase the stability and make network more efficient.

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13. As per claim 3 Inala disclosed wherein the step of determining a set of end users further comprises eliminating end users not meeting a condition of the selected information provider for information update at the determined update time (col. 8, lines 14-41).

Response to the applicant's argument as follows:

14. Applicant argued, "determination of an update time for information stored by a selected information provider and the determination of an end user set based upon the determined update time".

In the prior art Takagi disclosed, some past time can be determined as prescribed period of time (such as an hour) before a scheduled time that is recognized as current time according to the prediction rule. Also some future time is to be determined to contain at least next time zone in which the network can be utilized at low cost (col. 13, lines 7-15). The terminal and the information server changes depending on time and place. In addition depend on activity of the user, there may be long period of time during which terminal is connected to the network (col. 7, lines 36-41).

15. Applicant argued, "sorting step based upon predicted login times for each end user in the determined set".

In the prior art Takagi disclosed Predicting a necessary information will be required by a user using the first information processing apparatus in future and necessary information by which the necessary information which actually required by the user according to a knowledge concerning an activity schedule of the user" (col. 3, lines 52-67) that tends to be one of the functionality of the sorting.

16. Applicant argued, "assignment of harvesting times to end users based upon the end user's predicted login time".

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In the prior art Steinberger disclosed "RMON alarm/user history poller according the user defined timer in intervals of user set allotment" (col. 6, lines 30-35). The "harvesting time" can be interpreted as "user history poller".

17. Applicant argued, "whether a login profile associated with an end user meets a predetermined confidence threshold".

In the prior art Steinberger used greater than analogy that is part of the definition of the threshold (col. 8, lines 20-30) and Takagi mentioned "User work/activity habit" (col. 15, lines 52-67) that interpreted as "login profile".

18. Applicant argued, "performing a distribution fit across time to generate a polynomial function that allows determination of the number of end users subject to harvesting over a specified time period".

In the prior art steinberger disclosed the step of collecting nlHost information from the nlHost table is performed by the RMON collector and also the inclusion inquiry examines the nlHost information to determine whether any hosts, and therefore associated host information, exist within the list of nlHost information collected in step, that have not been inspected according to a user provided host algorithm (Steinberger, col. 8, lines 50-67).

19. Applicant argued determining a network activity curve associated with the host computer and the selected information provider, generating an inverse of the determined the network activity curve and performing an integral matching algorithm using he generated polynomial function and the generated inverse of the network activity curve.

In the prior art Takagi disclosed calculate a correlation by including the past statistical data. Where the past statistical data is linked to the user activity that is on the web that comes under the umbrella of networking (col. 26, lines 54-67). When a correlation exceeds certain value, additional register utilization prediction knowledge, and its triggering condition to the prediction knowledge triggering table (col. 27, lines 15-26).

Another prior art U.S Patent 5,987,440 O'Neil et al can be applied to reject the claims.

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Conclusion

- 20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be directed to Adnan Mirza whose telephone number is (703)-305-4633.
- 21. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday during normal business hours.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark Rinehart can be reached on (703)-305-4815. The fax for this group is (703)-746-7239.

22. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follows:

(703)-746-7239 (For Status Inquiries, Informal or Draft Communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT");

(703)-746-7239 (For Official Communications Intended for entry, please mark "EXPEDITED PROCEDURE"), 703)-746-7238 (For After Final Communications).

23. Any Inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)-305-3900.

Any response to a final action should be mailed to:

BOX AF

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Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C.20231

Or faxed to:

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to 4th Floor Receptionist, Crystal Park II, 2021 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA 22202.

AM

Adnan Mirza

Examiner

AUPAL DHARIA

NUBERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER